



We have a proposition for anyone seeking an exciting way to eat more vegetables: Try adding these classic Indian dishes to your repertoire. Each vibrant recipe comes courtesy of Delhi-born

COOKBOOK AUTHOR AND CULINARY LEGEND MADHUR JAFFREY,

who welcomed us into her upstate New York kitchen for a lively tutorial and plenty of myth-busting (she's heard them all). Our takeaway? If you have the right spices, and know how to chop, simmer, and stir-fry, Indian food doesn't have to be labor-intensive or complicated. These recipes, some of which take less than 30 minutes, are the healthy, flavor-packed proof.





1/Extracted from the rhizome of the Ferula plant, asafetida adds a distinctive garlicky, truffle-like flavor kick to dals and other lentil dishes. 2/Similar to dried Italian red pepperoncini, the most common Indian dried red chiles range from medium-hot to hot. (They're milder when used whole.) Cinnamon sticks season savory meat and rice dishes. 3/Fenugreek seeds have an earthy, slightly bitter taste that's especially well suited to eggplant and potato dishes. 4/Cayenne pepper is the powder made from ground dried Indian red chiles. 5/Grind aromatic coriander seeds, then store the powder in a

tightly closed container and use within a month. 6 / Roasting brings out the nutty, perfumed flavor of **cumin seeds**; the spice is a common ingredient in many curries. 7 / Bleached whitish **cardamom** pods are less aromatic than the green ones. If a recipe calls for seeds, split them open and extract them. 8 / Indians use black or **brown mustard seeds**, but the yellow variety found in American grocery stores is a fine substitute. 9 / Bright **ground turmeric**, derived from a root in the ginger family, adds color to many dishes. Be careful: It stains clothes easily.





For Jaffrey,

plant-and-

here is probably no better place to be a vegetarian than India. But Madhur Jaffrey's intimate, well-worn test kitchen in upstate New York is a close second. Standing at sprinkles chiles, garlic, and fresh curry leaves into the pan, creating a dangerous sizzle and a knockout aroma. She lets the aromatics fry for a few brief seconds, then pours the infused oil over a waiting pot of warm, turmeric-tinged dal. "The oil transforms the dish, giving it a roasted, concentrated flavor," explains Jaffrey, who adds that this technique, known as tarka, is common in Indian cooking. Legumes never had it so good.

When one is trying to incorporate more plants into one's diet, it's all too easy to fall into a salt, pepper, and olive-oil rut. But Indians have a totally different take on meatless cooking—one in which vegetables, grains, and pulses (seeded legumes) are jolted into vibrancy with lively spices and herbs. "Indian vegetarian cuisine is so rich and varied because it's been developed over thousands of years in every region of the subcontinent. You can cook a potato a thousand ways," says the 83-year-old culinary doyenne, who's won seven James Beard Awards and published more than 20 books. (Her most recent is Vegetarian India: A Journey Through the Best of Indian Home Cooking [Knopf, 2015], from which many of these recipes came.) Another fun fact: She's also an actress—her latest role is in the British TV drama The Good Karma Hospital.

Growing up in a wealthy, cosmopolitan family in Delhi, Jaffrey was raised on a diet typical to many northern Hindus, featuring produce they grew themselves: potatoes, onions, carrots, okra, eggplants, cauliflowers, cabbages, kohlrabi, peas, and tomatoes. "There was always a meat dish at dinner, but the emphasis was on the vegetarian dishes," she says. Today, Jaffrey and her husband, violinist Sanford Allen, "eat pretty much the same way-fish at least twice a week, chicken perhaps once a week, and the rest of the time vegetarian." The six recipes she shares here—five vegetable dishes and a succulent coconut-chicken curry—make a magnificent feast together, but for busy weeknight cooks, each is a quick and fragrant meal on its own.

## 5 TIPS FOR INDIAN COOKING

GRIND YOUR OWN **SPICES** FOR BOLDER FLAVOR

"I have a dedicated arinder for this." Jaffrey says. "Do small amounts, and save leftovers in ONE SKILL: airtight containers."

"The technique of frying whole spices in hot oil takes iust a few seconds." she savs. "It gives them a roasted. intense flavor."

LEARN

TARKA

KNOW YOUR FRESH CHILES

"Look for bird'seye chiles, which are thinskinned, bright green, slim, and hot. If you can't find them, use serrano."

RICE The standby ratio of one cup of rice to two cups of water ends in gloppy grains, she says. "Wash and soak the rice. then use a proportion of one to one and one-third.'

DON'T

DROWN

YOUR

MAKE IT AHEAD

**Most dishes** are just fine refrigerated for a day or two, Jaffrey says. "And chicken curry tastes even better the next day.

Madhur L0317WELFR.indd 98 1/20/17 3:46 PM













DELHI-STYLE GREEN BEANS WITH GINGER AND GREEN CHILES

POTATOES WITH SESAME SEEDS Jaffrey cooks the beans until they are very tender, so they'll better absorb the spices.

She recommends serving these cumin-spiked potatoes with roasted meat.

ROASTED EGGPLANT AND TOMATOES

STIR-FRIED CARROTS WITH COCONUT This light dish can be served at room temperature as a side dish or dip.

Roasted urad dal gives the carrots a subtle, nutty flavor.



